### STUDENTS AS ALLIES IN SCHOOL REFORM

## STUDENT SURVEY (2011)

### Notes

The original Students as Allies Student Survey was co-created in 2003 by students, teachers, and WKCD (What Kids Can Do, Inc.), then administered and completed by over 6,000 high school students in five cities. Since then, more than 150,000 teachers, teacher educators, education majors in college and graduate school, and student groups have downloaded the survey from <a href="https://www.wkcd.org">www.wkcd.org</a>.

Given this remarkable interest, WKCD recently revised and refreshed the original survey and we post it here. We invite you to use it at your school, providing students an opportunity to help strengthen teaching and learning. We also encourage teachers to complete the complementary teacher survey: the variance between how students and teachers answer similar questions yields important information in its own right.

The survey on the pages that follow was produced using the online tool "Survey Monkey" (<a href="www.surveymonkey.com">www.surveymonkey.com</a>). Survey Monkey also does a wonderful job of organizing your survey data, once entered.

In the ideal scenario, students fill out the survey directly on Survey Monkey. In practice, this can be difficult, producing lower survey completion rates. Most often, it works best for a team of students (who have "signed up" for the project) go class to class, explain the survey and its purpose, and hand it out. The teacher gives the class—right then in class—time to complete it; otherwise, the return rate drops substantially. The more students who complete the survey—shoot for 60 percent student participation!—the more reliable the results will be.

Entering the students' responses into Survey Monkey is the next step. It's time intensive but simple—this is where a couple of parent volunteers can make a big contribution. The result is an easy-to-follow analysis, with the option to sort student responses by grade, income, etc.

If you want to add your own questions and/or subtract some of ours, that's fine. We caution you, though, against re-wording, unless a particular word or phrase seems confusing in the context of your school. Students helped create the language in the survey and it has proved, by and large, to be clear and appropriate.

Finally, we *urge* you to use the survey results as a springboard for dialogue between and among students and teachers. We *urge* you to use these discussions as a chance to create together small action steps that, in turn, produce positive change. Needless to say, this last step is crucial.

If you do use this survey, please let us know! We're happy to answer questions info@whatkidscando.org—and eager to post your results on WKCD.org.

### Tips from Students as Allies Student Researchers (2004)

Promise students anonymity.

Remember that you only get answers to the questions you ask. Sometimes you may want to ask the same question in different ways.

Be careful how you word your questions. Poor questions get poor answers.

Make sure the students filling out the survey are representative of your school: "good" students and "poor," engaged and alienated, a mix of races and income (if your school has a mix).

Learn about sampling.

Survey teachers along with students, especially on the same issues. We found big differences in each group's experience of school.

Explain to students in advance of administering the survey what it involves and why it's important.

Remind students that it's not a test—nor a joke.

Tell them how you'll use the results.

Get as many students as possible to complete the survey! Set a high goal, like 60 percent participation, and work for it!

# Students as Allies in School Reform: Student Survey (2011)

# 1. Thinking about your school, how much do you agree or disagree with the following? For each statement, please check the appropriate box.

	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Somewhat disagree	Strongly disagree
Students in my school treat one another with respect.				
My school disciplines students fairly.				
My school respects all races and cultures.				
My principal models respectful behavior.				
Faculty and staff value what students have to say.				
Students in my school care about learning and getting a good education.				
Classes in my school are challenging.				
Students are involved in decisions about things that affect them in school.				
Most of my teachers are enthusiastic about teaching and communicate this to students.				
I feel that I am accepted and liked at school.				
I feel respected by my teachers.				
I feel respect for my teachers.				
Students in my school help one another even if they are not friends.				
Bullying is not much of an issue at my school.				
Students are encouraged to say what they think.				
I feel physically safe in my classes.				
Most of my teachers understand what my life is like outside of school.			П	

#### Students as Allies in School Reform: Student Survey (2011) 2. How well do each of the following statements describe you as a student? Somewhat agree Strongly agree Somewhat disagree Strongly disagree П I really want to learn. П П П П П П I participate regularly in class. П П I often need extra help with schoolwork. It's often hard to pay attention in class because I'm worrying about problems outside of school. 3. How would you assess your teachers overall on each of the following? Excellent Good Fair Poor П Knowing their subjects well. Believing all children can Maintaining discipline in the classroom. Teaching individual students according to their different needs and abilities. 4. How much would the following help you learn? Would help a lot Would help some Would help little More examples of how the things I learn in school matter in the real world. More challenging classes П П П More one-on-one attention from teachers

### Students as Allies in School Reform: Student Survey (2011) 5. How often do your teachers speak with you one-on-one about the following? Regularly Occasionally Never П П Your academic П performance: noticing when it's good, offering suggestions if/when it's notso-good. Your behavior in class: recognizing your good behavior, helping you redirect your behavior if/when it's difficult. Your understanding: checking to see if you have questions about what's being taught in class, homework, and other assignments. Interests and things that are important to you. П Your plans for college or work after high school. 6. Getting help with a problem: More than 3 2 - 3 How many adults at school do you feel you could talk to if you had a problem (involving something in or outside school)? How many peers? 7. Have you ever skipped class or school? Yes ☐ No 8. Have you ever considered dropping out of school? Yes ☐ No

9. If you answered	yes" to quest	1011 #1 01 #0, p			ii oi tiic
following was an in	fluence. (If yo	u answered "ı	no," you can ski	ip this section.	.)
	A strong influe	ence S	Somewhat of an influenc	e Not	an influence
You did not feel prepared for class.					
You felt you'd fallen too far behind in your schoolwork as a whole.					
You were not getting along with a teacher.					
You did not feel safe at school.					
You did not feel safe traveling to and from school.			П		
School was boring.					
You had family responsibilities.					
teachers?		<b>A</b>			
teachers? 11. What do you thi		<b>A</b>			
teachers? 11. What do you thi school?	nk are the mo	st important is	ssues that need	d to be address	
10. Think of the besteachers?  11. What do you this school?  12. Please tell us many pull down menu for each item.	nk are the mo	st important is		d to be address	sed in your